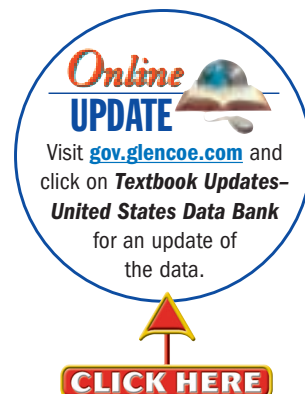


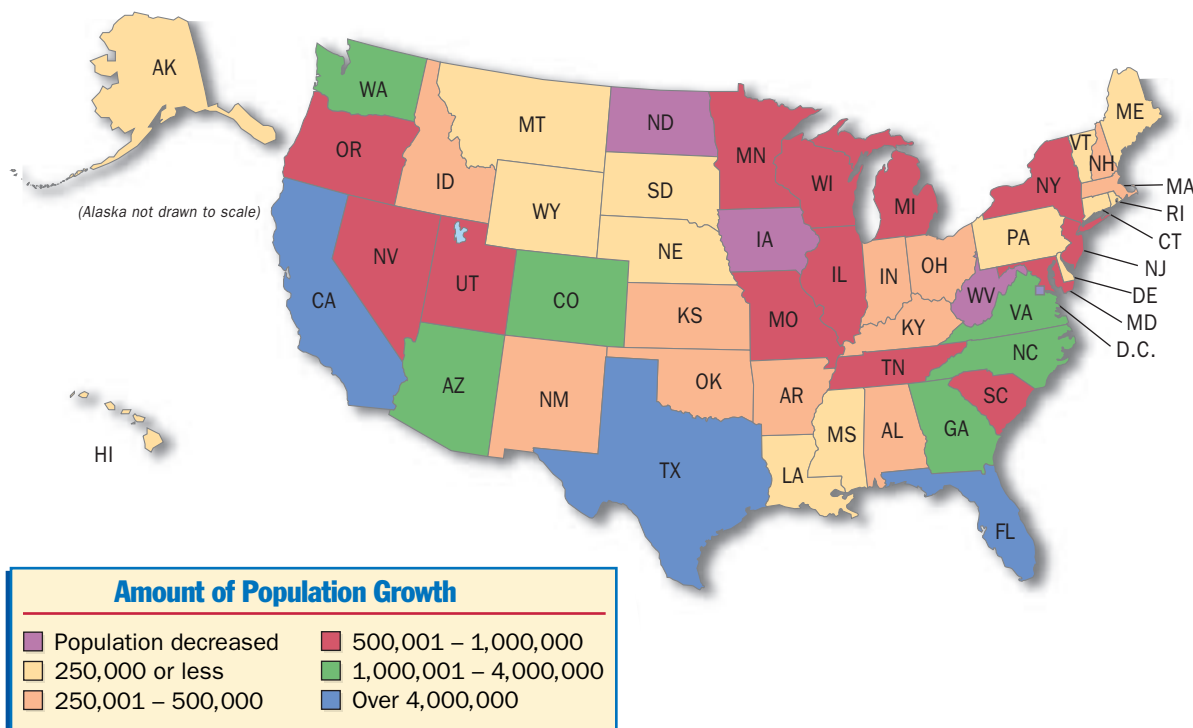


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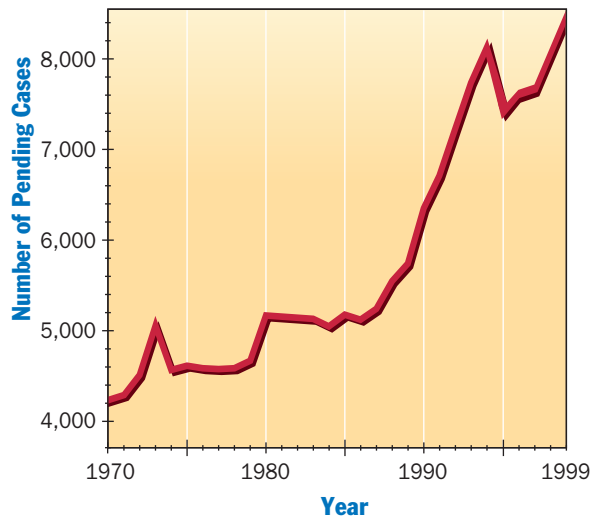
United States Population Growth, 1980–1998



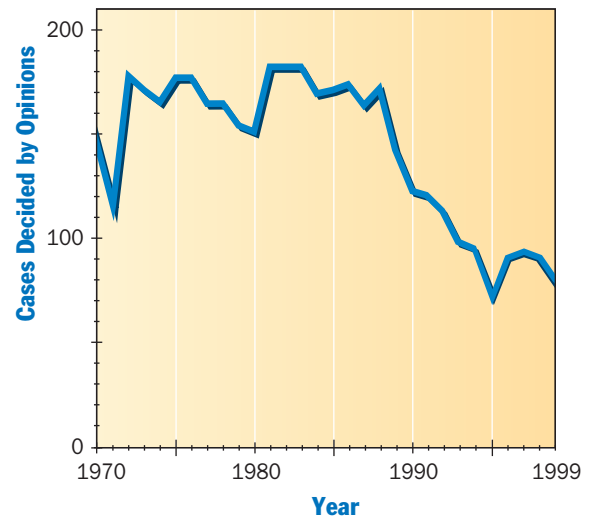
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1999* (Washington, D.C.: 1999).

Crime and the Justice System

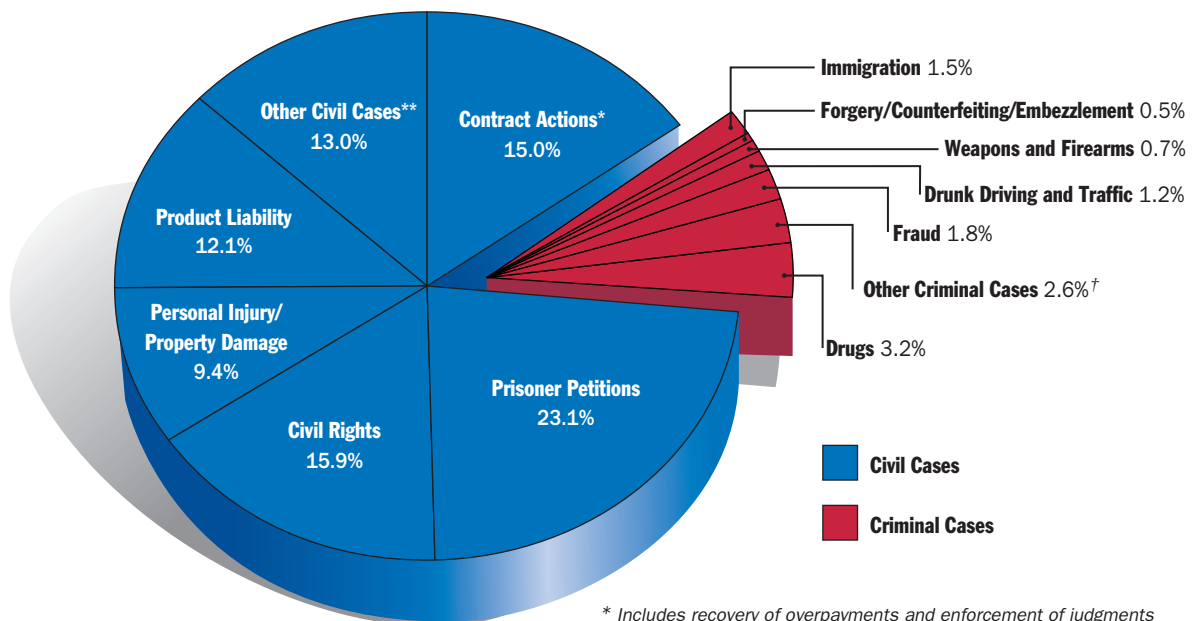
Supreme Court Cases



Supreme Court Decisions



Types of Cases in Federal District Courts, 1997



* Includes recovery of overpayments and enforcement of judgments

** Includes bankruptcy, tax suits, labor laws, and social security issues

† Includes larceny, theft, homicide, robbery, assault, and burglary

Sources: Stanley and Niemi, *Vital Statistics on American Politics 1999–2000* (Washington, D.C.: CQ Inc., 2000).
U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1999* (Washington, D.C.: 1999).
Supreme Court Public Information Office, *Final Statistical Report, June 29, 2000*.

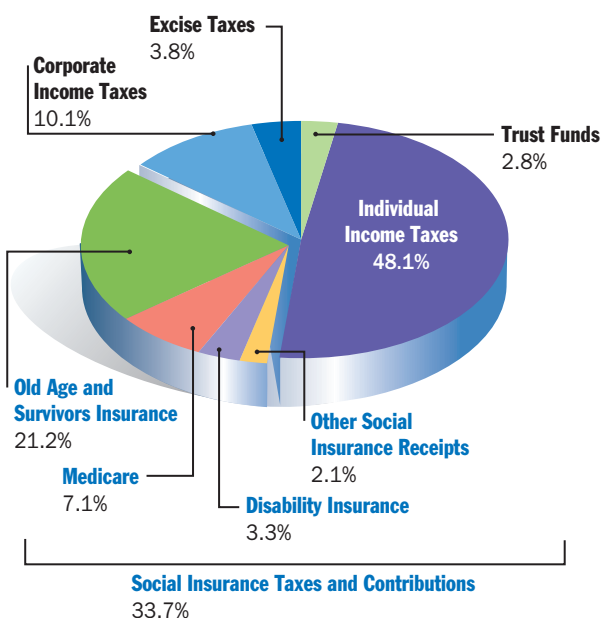
Bills Introduced, Passed, and Enacted by Congress, 1961–1998

Congress (Years)	BILLS INTRODUCED*		BILLS PASSED*		BILLS ENACTED
	House	Senate	House	Senate	
87th (1961–62)	14,328	4,048	1,927	1,953	1,569
88th (1963–64)	14,022	3,457	1,267	1,341	1,026
89th (1965–66)	19,874	4,129	1,565	1,636	1,283
90th (1967–68)	22,060	4,400	1,213	1,376	1,002
91st (1969–70)	21,436	4,867	1,130	1,271	941
92nd (1971–72)	18,561	4,408	970	1,035	768
93rd (1973–74)	18,872	4,524	923	1,115	774
94th (1975–76)	16,982	4,114	968	1,038	729
95th (1977–78)	15,587	3,800	1,027	1,070	803
96th (1979–80)	9,103	3,480	929	977	736
97th (1981–82)	8,094	3,396	704	803	529
98th (1983–84)	7,105	3,454	978	936	677
99th (1985–86)	6,499	3,386	973	940	688
100th (1987–88)	6,263	3,325	1,061	1,002	761
101st (1989–90)	6,683	3,669	968	980	666
102nd (1991–92)	7,771	4,245	932	947	610
103rd (1993–94)	6,647	3,177	749	682	473
104th (1995–96)	4,542	2,266	611	518	337
105th (1997–98)	4,874	2,655	1,174	879	358
106th (1999, 1st session)	4,241	2,352	657	549	173

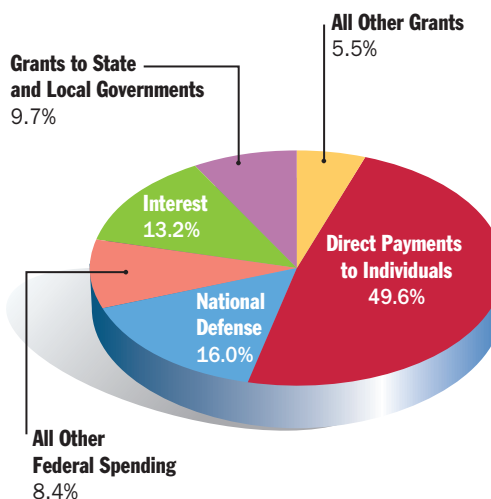
*Includes House and Senate resolutions, joint resolutions, and concurrent resolutions

Sources: Stanley and Niemi, *Vital Statistics on American Politics, 1997–1998* (Washington D.C.: CQ Inc., 1997); U.S. Congress, Office of Legislative Information; Ornstein, Mann, and Malbin, *Vital Statistics on Congress 1997–1998* (Washington, D.C.: CQ Inc., 1998), www.thomas.loc.gov.

Federal Revenue by Source, 1999



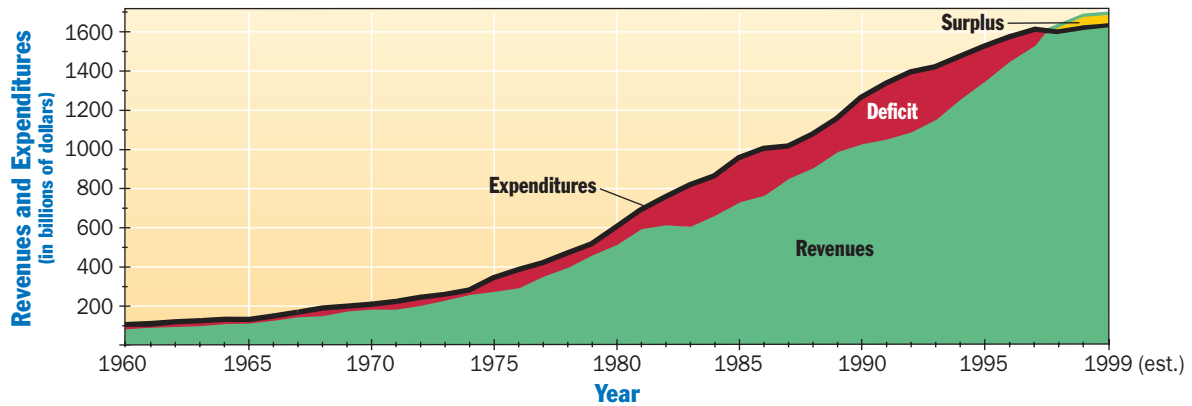
Federal Expenditures by Category, 1999



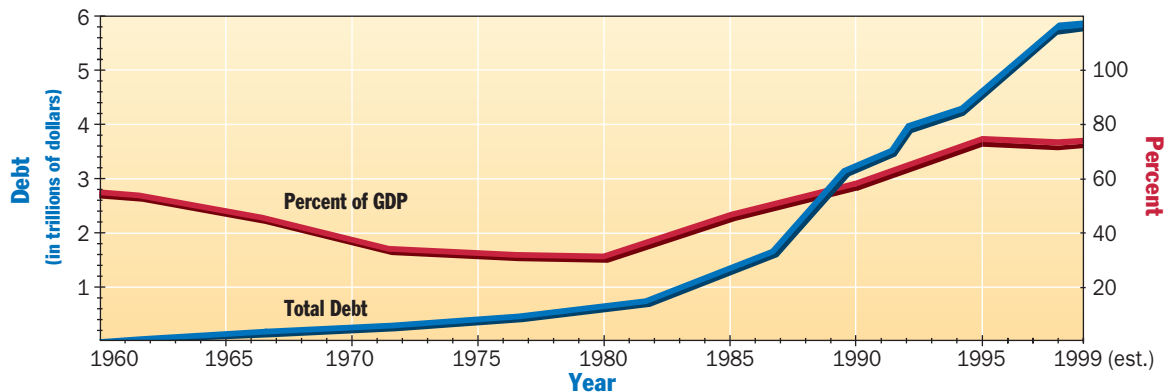
Percentages may not total 100% due to rounding.

Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1999* (Washington, D.C.: 1999).

Federal Government Revenues and Expenditures, 1960–1999



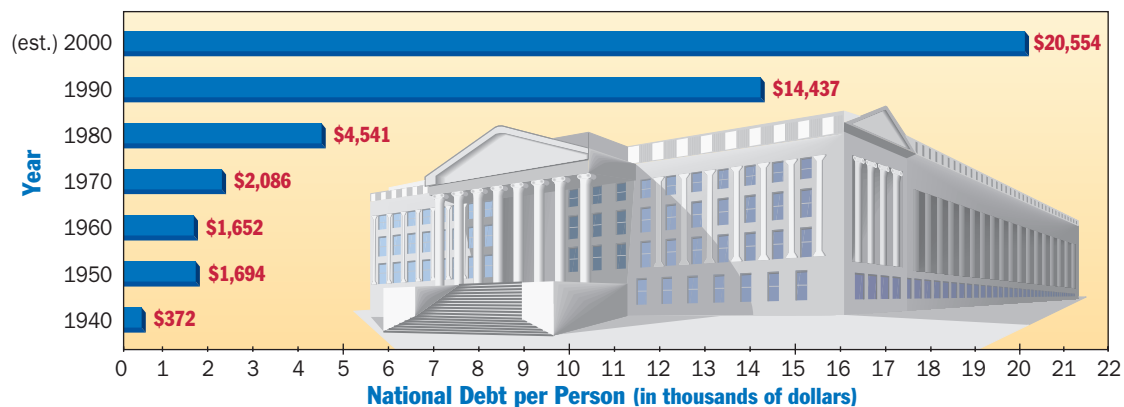
Gross Federal Debt, 1960–1999*



Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1999* (Washington, D.C.: 1999).

* Includes federal debt held by the public and by the federal government.

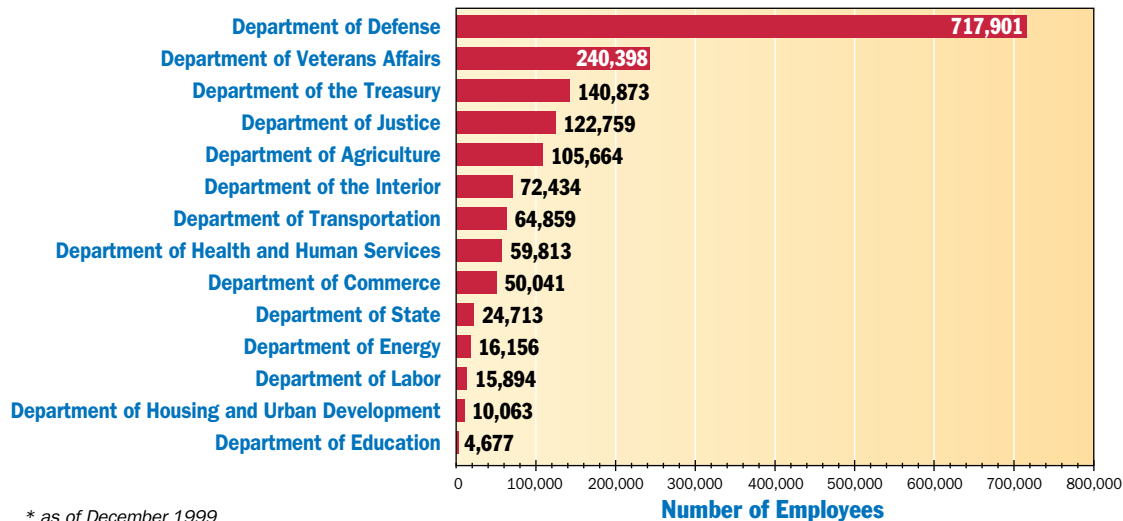
National Debt per Capita, 1940–2000*



Sources: U.S. Bureau of the Census, U.S. Bureau of Public Debt.

* Includes federal debt held by the public and by the federal government.

Executive Department Civilian Employees*



Major United States Treaties

Year	Treaty	Major Provisions
1783	Treaty of Paris	Great Britain recognized U.S. independence
1795	Pinckney's Treaty	Spain granted U.S. navigation rights on Mississippi River
1803	Louisiana Purchase	U.S. gained Louisiana territory from France
1817	Rush-Bagot Agreement	Signed with Britain to demilitarize Great Lakes
1818	Convention of 1818	Set border with Canada west from Great Lakes as the 49th parallel
1819	Adams-Onís Treaty	Spain ceded Florida; U.S. border set with Spanish territory in West
1846	Oregon Treaty	Signed with Great Britain to settle claims to Oregon country
1848	Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo	Ended Mexican War; U.S. gained Southwest and California
1867	Alaska Purchase	U.S. gained Alaska from Russia
1898	Treaty of Paris	Ended Spanish-American War; U.S. gained Puerto Rico and Philippines
1903	Hay-Bunau-Varilla Treaty	Signed with Panama to give U.S. right to build Panama Canal
1947	Rio Pact	Inter-American agreement for security of Western Hemisphere
1947	General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade	Multinational agreement to promote world trade
1949	North Atlantic Treaty	Multinational agreement for defense of Western Europe; created NATO
1968	Nonproliferation Treaty	International agreement to prevent spread of nuclear weapons
1972	SALT I	Agreements between U.S. and Soviet Union to limit nuclear weapons
1973	Paris Peace Agreement	Signed with North Vietnam to end U.S. involvement in Vietnam War
1977	Panama Canal Treaties	Transferred Panama Canal to Panama effective in 1999
1985	Vienna Convention	International agreement to protect Earth's ozone layer
1993	North American Free Trade Agreement	Established duty-free trade with Canada and Mexico
1996	Comprehensive Nuclear Test Ban Treaty	156 countries agreed to halt nuclear testing, US Senate did not ratify.
1996	Counterterrorism Accord	Israel and the US agree to cooperate in the investigation and deterrence of terrorist acts.
1997	Mutual Recognition Agreement	Reduces trade barriers between the United States and the European Community.

Source: U.S. State Department, *Treaties in Force*; Findling, *Dictionary of American Diplomatic History*, 2nd ed. (New York: Greenwood Press, 1989); Axelrod, *American Treaties and Alliances* (Washington, D.C.: CQ, Inc., 2000).

State Facts

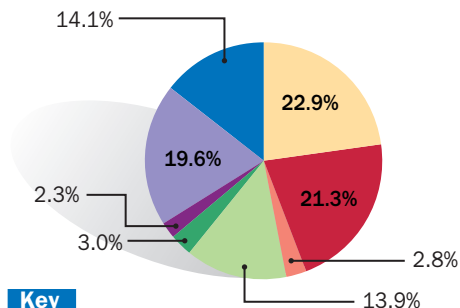
State*	Year Admitted	Population 1999 (est.)	Area sq. mile	Capital	Largest City	House Rep. 1990**
1. Delaware	1787	753,538	1,955	Dover	Wilmington	1
2. Pennsylvania	1787	11,994,016	44,820	Harrisburg	Philadelphia	21
3. New Jersey	1787	8,143,412	7,419	Trenton	Newark	13
4. Georgia	1788	7,788,240	57,919	Atlanta	Atlanta	11
5. Connecticut	1788	3,282,031	4,845	Hartford	Bridgeport	6
6. Massachusetts	1788	6,175,169	7,838	Boston	Boston	10
7. Maryland	1788	5,171,634	9,775	Annapolis	Baltimore	8
8. South Carolina	1788	3,885,736	30,111	Columbia	Columbia	6
9. New Hampshire	1788	1,201,134	8,969	Concord	Manchester	2
10. Virginia	1788	6,872,912	39,598	Richmond	Virginia Beach	11
11. New York	1788	18,196,601	47,224	Albany	New York	31
12. North Carolina	1789	7,650,789	48,718	Raleigh	Charlotte	12
13. Rhode Island	1790	990,819	28,164	Providence	Providence	2
14. Vermont	1791	593,740	9,249	Montpelier	Burlington	1
15. Kentucky	1792	3,960,825	39,732	Frankfort	Louisville	6
16. Tennessee	1796	5,483,535	41,220	Nashville	Memphis	9
17. Ohio	1803	11,256,654	40,953	Columbus	Columbus	19
18. Louisiana	1812	4,372,035	43,566	Baton Rouge	New Orleans	7
19. Indiana	1816	5,942,901	35,870	Indianapolis	Indianapolis	10
20. Mississippi	1817	2,768,619	46,914	Jackson	Jackson	5
21. Illinois	1818	12,128,370	55,593	Springfield	Chicago	20
22. Alabama	1819	4,369,862	50,750	Montgomery	Birmingham	7
23. Maine	1820	1,253,040	30,865	Augusta	Portland	2
24. Missouri	1821	5,468,338	68,989	Jefferson City	Kansas City	9
25. Arkansas	1836	2,551,373	52,075	Little Rock	Little Rock	4
26. Michigan	1837	9,863,775	56,809	Lansing	Detroit	16
27. Florida	1845	15,111,244	53,937	Tallahassee	Jacksonville	23
28. Texas	1845	20,044,141	261,914	Austin	Houston	30
29. Iowa	1846	2,869,413	55,875	Des Moines	Des Moines	5
30. Wisconsin	1848	5,250,446	54,314	Madison	Milwaukee	9
31. California	1850	33,145,121	155,973	Sacramento	Los Angeles	52
32. Minnesota	1858	4,775,508	79,617	St. Paul	Minneapolis	8
33. Oregon	1859	3,316,154	96,003	Salem	Portland	5
34. Kansas	1861	2,654,052	81,823	Topeka	Wichita	4
35. West Virginia	1863	1,806,928	24,087	Charleston	Charleston	3
36. Nevada	1864	1,809,253	109,806	Carson City	Las Vegas	2
37. Nebraska	1867	1,666,028	76,878	Lincoln	Omaha	3
38. Colorado	1876	4,056,133	103,729	Denver	Denver	6
39. North Dakota	1889	633,666	68,994	Bismarck	Fargo	1
40. South Dakota	1889	733,133	75,896	Pierre	Sioux Falls	1
41. Montana	1889	882,779	145,556	Helena	Billings	1
42. Washington	1889	5,756,361	66,581	Olympia	Seattle	9
43. Idaho	1890	1,251,700	82,751	Boise	Boise	2
44. Wyoming	1890	479,602	97,105	Cheyenne	Cheyenne	1
45. Utah	1896	2,129,836	82,168	Salt Lake City	Salt Lake City	3
46. Oklahoma	1907	3,358,044	68,679	Oklahoma City	Oklahoma City	6
47. New Mexico	1912	1,739,844	121,365	Santa Fe	Albuquerque	3
48. Arizona	1912	4,778,332	113,642	Phoenix	Phoenix	6
49. Alaska	1959	619,500	570,314	Juneau	Anchorage	1
50. Hawaii	1959	1,185,497	6,423	Honolulu	Honolulu	2
District of Columbia	—	519,000	61	—	—	—
United States	—	272,690,813	3,536,278	Washington, D.C.	New York	—

*Numbers denote the order in which states were admitted

**Number of members in U.S. House of Representatives

State Revenues and Expenditures

Total State Revenue by Category, 1996

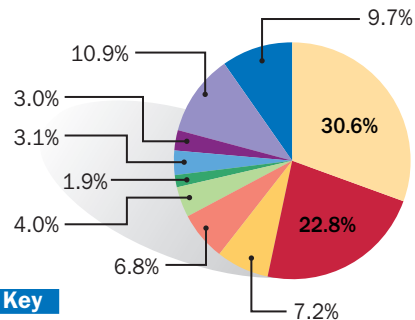


Key

- Federal and Local Governments
- Sales Taxes
- Licenses
- Individual Income Taxes
- Corporate Income Taxes
- Other Taxes
- Public Employees Pension Contributions
- Miscellaneous Revenue

* Percentages do not total 100% due to rounding.
Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census.

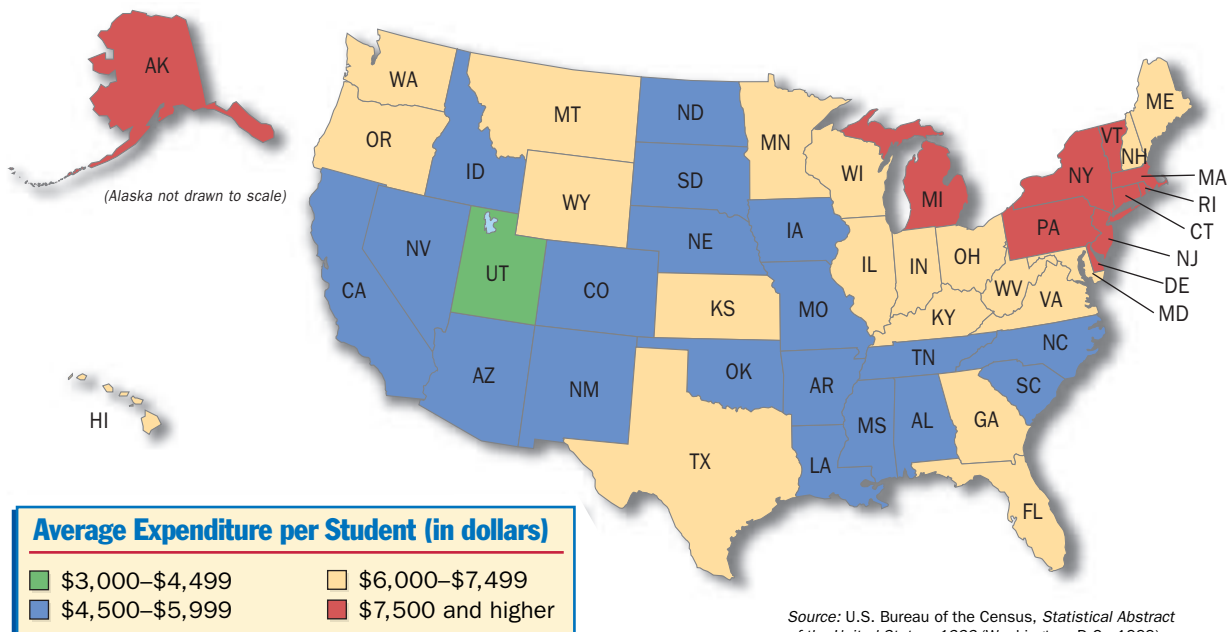
Total State Expenditures by Category, 1996



Key

- Education
- Public Welfare
- Hospitals and Health
- Highways
- Police and Corrections
- Natural Resources, Parks and Recreation
- Government Administration
- Interest on Debt
- Public Employees Retirement Benefits
- All Other Expenditures

State Expenditures for Public Education, 1998



Source: U.S. Bureau of the Census, *Statistical Abstract of the United States: 1999* (Washington, D.C.: 1999).

Size of State Legislatures

State	House Members	Senate Members
Alabama	105	35
Alaska	40	20
Arizona	60	30
Arkansas	100	35
California	80	40
Colorado	65	35
Connecticut	151	36
Delaware	41	21
Florida	120	40
Georgia	180	56
Hawaii	51	25
Idaho	70	35
Illinois	118	59
Indiana	100	50
Iowa	100	50
Kansas	125	40
Kentucky	100	38
Louisiana	105	39
Maine	151	35
Maryland	141	47
Massachusetts	160	40
Michigan	110	38
Minnesota	134	67
Mississippi	122	52
Missouri	163	34
Montana	100	50
Nebraska	N/A	49
Nevada	42	21
New Hampshire	400	24
New Jersey	80	40
New Mexico	70	42
New York	150	61
North Carolina	120	50
North Dakota	98	49
Ohio	99	33
Oklahoma	101	48
Oregon	60	30
Pennsylvania	203	50
Rhode Island	100	50
South Carolina	124	46
South Dakota	70	35
Tennessee	99	33
Texas	150	31
Utah	75	29
Vermont	150	30
Virginia	100	40
Washington	98	49
West Virginia	100	34
Wisconsin	99	33
Wyoming	60	30

Source: Hovey and Hovey, *State Fact Finder*, 2000
(Washington D.C.: CQ Inc., 2000).

State Legislators' Compensation

State	Salary (1999)	Expense allowance
Alabama	\$1,050	\$2,280/month
Alaska	\$24,012	\$173/day
Arizona	\$24,000	\$35/day
Arkansas	\$12,500	\$89/day
California	\$99,000	\$121/day
Colorado	\$30,000	\$45/day
Connecticut	\$21,788	\$0
Delaware	\$29,574	\$0
Florida	\$26,388	\$4,093/sess.
Georgia	\$11,348	\$75/day
Hawaii	\$32,000	\$80/day
Idaho	\$14,760	\$75/day
Illinois	\$50,803	\$85/day
Indiana	\$11,600	\$112/day
Iowa	\$20,758	\$86/day
Kansas	\$6,485	\$80/day
Kentucky	\$151/day	\$88/day
Louisiana	\$16,800	\$97/day
Maine	\$10,500	\$38/day
Maryland	\$30,591	\$126/day
Massachusetts	\$46,410	\$9–50/day
Michigan	\$55,054	\$10,000/year
Minnesota	\$31,140	\$56/day
Mississippi	\$10,000	\$99/day
Missouri	\$29,080	\$68–80/day
Montana	\$6,086	\$75/day
Nebraska	\$12,000	\$34–84/day
Nevada	\$7,800	federal rate
New Hampshire	\$100	\$0
New Jersey	\$35,000	\$0
New Mexico	\$0	\$124/day
New York	\$79,500	\$89–130/day
North Carolina	\$13,951	\$104/day
North Dakota	\$12,654	\$900/month
Ohio	\$42,427	\$0
Oklahoma	\$38,400	\$97/day
Oregon	\$14,496	\$87/day
Pennsylvania	\$59,246	\$115/day
Rhode Island	\$10,768	\$0/day
South Carolina	\$10,400	\$85/day
South Dakota	\$6,000	\$95/day
Tennessee	\$16,500	\$114/day
Texas	\$7,200	\$118/day
Utah	\$4,500	\$118/day
Vermont	\$9,342	\$87/day
Virginia	\$18,000	\$114/day
Washington	\$28,300	\$82/day
West Virginia	\$15,000	\$45–85/day
Wisconsin	\$41,809	\$75/day
Wyoming	\$6,875	\$80/day

Source: Hovey and Hovey, *State Fact Finder*, 2000
(Washington D.C.: CQ Inc., 2000).